N5 Chemistry Unit 3: Chemistry in Society Homework 3.8

Name			Teacher
1.	Which of the following would quickly decolourise bromine solution?	5.	Which of the following has a covalent network structure?
	A C_2H_4 B C_3H_8 C C_4H_{10} D C_5H_{12}		A NeonB Silicon dioxideC Calcium chlorideD Carbon dioxide
	Answer	6.	Answer What is the charge on the copper ion in
2.	The course of a chemical reaction was followed measuring the volume of gas produced over time. 40 cm ³ of gas was collected after 100s. What was the average rate of reaction, in cm ³ s ⁻¹ , over 100 seconds?		CuO? A 1+ B 2+ C 1- D 2- Answer
	A 0.04 B 0.4	7.	Metallic bonds are due to
	C 2·5 D 4		A a shared pair of electronsB an attraction between positive ionsand negative ions
	Answer		C an attraction between positive ions and delocalised electrons
3.	The correct formula for calcium sulfite is		D an attraction between negative ions and delocalised electrons.
	A CaS B CaSO ₃ C CaSO ₄		Answer
	D CaS ₂ O ₃ .	8.	Which of the following contains metallic bonding?
4.	Answer What is the correct systematic name for the		A Calcium B Carbon
4.	following compound?		C Oxygen D Fluorine
	CH ₃ CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃		Answer
	A Hexane B Pentane	9.	Which of the following is not an isomer of pent-1-ene?
	C 2-methylpentane D 3-methylpentane		A but-1-ene B pent-2-ene
	Answer		C cyclopentane D 2-methylbut-1-ene

Answer ____

10.	In a neutralisation reaction between an acid	15.		Ī			
	and an alkali , the pH				Reaction with		
	A of the acid increases B of the acid decreases		Met	al	Dilute acid	Water	
	C of the alkali increases		X		reacts	no reaction	
	D of the alkali is unchanged.		Y		no reaction	no reaction	
	Answer		Z		reacts	reacts	
11.	Which of the following substances will not produce a gas when added to dilute hydrochloric acid?				following show easing reactivity		
	A Copper			X Y Z Y X Z			
	B Zinc			ZXY			
	C Copper carbonate						
	D Zinc carbonate		D	ZYX			
	Answer		Answ	/er			
12.	Which of the following compounds is a salt?		Which of the following substances dissolves in water to give a solution of pH				
	A Ammonium chloride		great	er than	/ ?		
	B Calcium oxide			A			
	C Hydrogen chloride		A	Ammo			
	D Sodium hydroxide		В		n dioxide		
	·		С	Sulfur			
	Answer		D	Sodium	n chloride		
13.	Which of the following metals can be		Answ	er			
	obtained from its ore by heating with carbon	17	۱۸/h م±		· f a ma ma a m : ma a	I£a+a	
	monoxide?	17.			of ammonium su		
	(You may wish to use the data booklet.)				required to prooble olution?	auce 0.5 iitres	
	A Aluminium		۸	32 g			
	B Calcium		A B	52 g 64 g			
	C Magnesium		C	66 g			
	D Nickel		D	132 g			
	Answer		Answ	ver			
14.	When a metal element reacts to form a	18.					
14.	compound the metal is		Which metal will displace zinc from a solution of zinc sulfate?				
	A displaced		٨	lron			
	B oxidised		A	Iron	cium		
	C precipitated		В	Magne	SIUIII		
	D reduced.		C D	Silver Tin			
			U	1111			
	Answer		Answ	/er		9	

19. Read the passage below and answer the questions that follow.

Scientists Investigate Release of Bromine in Polar	Regions
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Ozone plays a key role not only in the atmosphere, but also on the ground. While at ground level it is not particularly relevant for the protection from UV radiation, it is for the self-cleaning of the atmosphere and removal of contaminants.

In the 1990s researches discovered that the extensive ozone depletion in the atmosphere close to the ground in the Arctic and Antarctic was due to a reaction of bromine with ozone (O_3), producing bromine oxide (Br_2O) and oxygen. This bromine is released in autocatalytic processes.

During the polar spring, the resulting bromine oxide clouds can be spread over several thousand square kilometres. "It is by far the largest release of bromine on our planet," says Prof. Platt of the Institute of Environmental Physics at Heidelberg University. The precise processes involved are quite complex and are still a topic of current research.

a) What role does ozone play in our atmosphere?			

- b) Write the formula equation for the reaction between bromine with ozone. There is no need to balance the equation.
- c) CFC's such as dichlorofluoromethane are also broken down by UV radiation to produce very reactive free radicals such as chlorine atoms. These chlorine atoms react with ozone as shown in the equation.

$$Cl(g)$$
 + $O_3(g)$ \longrightarrow $ClO(g)$ + $O_2(g)$

What mass of ozone would react with 71 g of chlorine free radicals?

1

- 20. Alkenes can undergo different reactions.
 - a) In ozonolysis an alkene reacts with ozone forming two molecules. The ozonolysis of hex-3-ene is shown.

Draw the products formed by the ozonolysis of hex-2-ene.

b) Potassium permanganate can be used to convert alkenes into two molecules.

The conversion of pent-1-ene is shown.

- i) Name molecule X
 - ____
- ii) State the test for carbon dioxide.
- ______1
- iii) Draw the structure for an isomer of pent-1-ene.

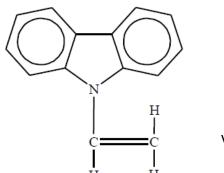
1

21. The table shows information about some useful compounds.

Compound	Formula		
Y	$\mathrm{Na_3PO_4}$		
ammonia	NH_3		
ammonium nitrate	NH ₄ NO ₃		

i)	Name compound Y .
ii)	Compound Y can be used as a fertiliser.
	Why are fertilisers added to soil?
iii)	Calculate the percentage by mass of nitrogen in ammonium nitrate. Space for working and answer.
	%
Nan	ne the catalyst used in the industrial manufacture of ammonia.
	at is present in the root nodules of some plants which convert nitrogen from the osphere into nitrogen compounds?
Amı	monium nitrate is produced when ammonia gas reacts with nitric acid.
i)	Name the industrial process used to produce nitric acid.
ii)	State the catalyst used in this process.

22. Poly(vinyl carbazole) is a useful polymer. The monomer used to produce this polymer is shown.



Vinyl carbazole monomer

a) Draw a section of the polymer molecule consisting of **three** vinyl carbazole monomers.

b) Name the type of polymerisation reaction which takes place when poly (vinyl carbazole) is formed.

23. The grid shows the structural formulae of some monomers.

A	CN H	Cl H C C C H C C C H H Cl	$\begin{array}{c c} C \\ \hline \\ CH_3 & H \\ \hline \\ C & C \\ \hline \\ H & CH_3 \\ \end{array}$
D	Cl H C === C Cl H	E H H H C C C C H H H	CH ₃ H

a) Identify the monomer which would form poly(propene).

Answer _____

b) Identify the monomer which reacts with hydrogen to form ethane. Answer _____ 1

c) Identify the two isomers. Answers _____ & ____ 1

Total Marks 41

1

1